TSFC Securities Public Company Limited Review report and interim financial information For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020



EY Office Limited

33rd Floor, Lake Rajada Office Complex 193/136-137 Rajadapisek Road Klongtoey, Bangkok 10110 G.P.O.Box 1047, Bangkok 10501, Thailand Tel: +66 2264 9090

Fax: +66 2264 0789-90 ev.com

บริษัท สำนักงาน อีวาย จำกัด ชั้น 33 อาการเลครัชดา 193/136-137 ถนนรัชดาภิเยก กลองเตย กรุงเทพฯ 10110 คู่ ป.ณ. 1047 กรุงเทพฯ 10501 โทรสัพท์: +66 2264 9090 โทรสาร: +66 2264 0789-90

ey.com

## Independent Auditor's Report on Review of Interim Financial Information

To the Shareholders of TSFC Securities Public Company Limited

I have reviewed the accompanying statement of financial position of TSFC Securities Public Company Limited as at 31 March 2020, and the related statements of comprehensive income, changes in owners' equity, and cash flows for the three-month period then ended, as well as the condensed notes to the interim financial statements (collectively "interim financial information"). Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of this interim financial information in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*. My responsibility is to express a conclusion on this interim financial information based on my review.

#### Scope of Review

I conducted my review in accordance with Thai Standard on Review Engagements 2410, *Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.* A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Thai Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable me to obtain assurance that I would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, I do not express an audit opinion.

## Conclusion

Based on my review, nothing has come to my attention that causes me to believe that the accompanying interim financial information is not prepared, in all material respects, in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard 34 *Interim Financial Reporting*.



#### Other Matter

Due to the impact of COVID-19 outbreak situation, the Company has postponed the annual general meeting of the Company's shareholders which results in no resolution for the appointment of the auditor of the Company for the accounting period of 2020 yet. However, the Board of Director of the Company has a resolution to propose to the annual general meeting of the Company's shareholders to appoint me as the auditor of the Company for the accounting period of 2020. I therefore have conducted my review on the interim financial information for first quarter of 2020 which is in compliance with the notification of the Capital Market Supervisory Board (CMSB) No. TorChor. 28/2563 dated 27 March 2020.

Kirdsiri Kanjanaprakasit

Kirdsiri Kanigugut

Certified Public Accountant (Thailand) No. 6014

**EY Office Limited** 

Bangkok: 18 May 2020

TSFC Securities Public Company Limited Statement of financial position

As at 31 March 2020

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	<u>Note</u>	31 March 2020	31 December 2019
		(Unaudited but	(Audited)
		reviewed)	
Assets			
Cash and cash equivalents	3	1,081	678
Receivables from Clearing House and broker - dealers	4	58,236	12,814
Securities business receivables	5	2,781,769	3,668,274
Non-collateralised investments	7	57,077	12,537
Collateralised investments			
Collateralised investments without granting			
right to transferee to sell or repledge	7	112,942	108,135
Loans	9	551,000	1,205,000
Equipment	10	1,902	4,996
Intangible assets	11	2,875	3,186
Deferred tax assets		7,018	7,532
Right-of-use assets	12	40,999	-
Other assets		7,042	7,174
Total assets		3,621,941	5,030,326
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The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Mrs. Araya Yommana)

Director

(Miss Malaiporn Pornlert)

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Vice President of

Securifies Public Company Limited
นให้ภายดักหรัสน์ เพื่อรุกโรหลักทรัสน์ ชากัด เมษาขน Finance and Budget Department

# TSFC Securities Public Company Limited Statement of financial position (continued) As at 31 March 2020

			(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	<u>Note</u>	31 March 2020	31 December 2019
		(Unaudited but	(Audited)
		reviewed)	
Liabilities and owners' equity			
Liabilities			
Borrowings from financial institutions	13	1,324,298	2,733,888
Payables from Clearing House and broker - dealers	14	18,177	-
Securities business payables	15	65,637	32,151
Current tax liabilities		14,633	10,548
Debt issued and borrowings	16	317,930	417,663
Lease liabilities	17	38,244	2,276
Provisions		23,361	21,316
Other liabilities		7,134	18,140
Total liabilities		1,809,414	3,235,982
Owners' equity	_		
Issued and paid-up share capital			
Ordinary shares	18	1,549,126	1,549,126
Retained earnings			
Appropriated - statutory reserve		30,508	30,508
Unappropriated		232,612	214,465
Other components of owners' equity	7.3	281	245
Total owners' equity		1,812,527	1,794,344
Total liabilities and owners' equity	_	3,621,941	5,030,326

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Mrs. Araya Yommana)

Director

Securifies Public Company Limiteo

(Miss Malaiporn Pornlert)

Vice President of

Finance and Budget Department

# TSFC Securities Public Company Limited Statement of comprehensive income

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	<u>Note</u>	2020	2019
Revenues			
Fees and service income	19	204	9
Interest incomes	20	62,375	67,979
Gains and return on financial instruments	21	681	5
Other incomes		12	6
Total revenues		63,272	67,999
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses		15,215	15,771
Fees and service expenses		447	498
Interest expenses		12,658	16,291
Reversal of bad debt and doubtful accounts		-	(1,046)
Expected credit loss	22	3,398	-
Other expenses		8,707	8,891
Total expenses		40,425	40,405
Profit before income tax		22,847	27,594
Income tax expenses	24 _	(4,590)	(5,495)
Profit for the period		18,257	22,099

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Mrs. Araya Yommana)

Director

SEC Securities Public Company Limited Samulantine integrationations of take company (Miss Malaiporn Pornlert)

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Vice President of

Finance and Budget Department

# TSFC Securities Public Company Limited Statement of comprehensive income (continued) For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

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	<u>Note</u>	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Other comprehensive income			
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Gains on investments in debt instruments designated			
at fair value through other comprehensive income	7.3	45	-
Less: Income tax effect	24	(9)	-
Items that will not be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
- net of income tax		36	
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
Gain on remeasuring available-for-sale investments		•	89
Less: Income tax effect	24		(18)
Items that will be reclassified subsequently to profit or loss			
- net of income tax			71
Other comprehensive income for the period		36	71
Total comprehensive income for the period		18,293	22,170
			(Unit: Baht)
Basic earnings per share	25		(2
Profit for the period		0.12	0.14

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

(Mrs. Araya Yommana)

Director

TSFC

Securities Public Company Limited หริงักหลักทรัพย์ เพื่อจุฬาจหลักทรัพย์ สำคัด ณหาขน

(Miss Malaiporn Pornlert)

Vice President of

Finance and Budget Department

TSFC Securities Public Company Limited Statement of changes in owners' equity For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

				Other co	mponents of owner	's equity	
				Gains on investments			
				in debt instruments	Gain (loss) on		
	Issued and			designated at	remeasuring	Total	
	paid-up	Retained	earnings	fair value through other	available-for-sale	other components of	Total
	share capital	Appropriated	Unappropriated	comprehensive income	investments	owner's equity	owners' equity
Balance as at 1 January 2019	1,549,126	26,238	172,053	-	(144)	(144)	1,747,273
Change during the period							
Profit for the period	-	•	22,099	-	-	-	22,099
Other comprehensive income for the period		_	-	-	71	71	71
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	- 44	22,099	-	71	71	22,170
Balance as at 31 March 2019	1,549,126	26,238	194,152	4	(73)	(73)	1,769,443
				and the second s			
Balance as at 1 January 2020							
- as previously reported	1,549,126	30,508	214,465	-	245	245	1,794,344
Cumulative effect of change in							
accounting policy (Note 2)	-	-	(110)	245	(245)		(110)
Balance as at 1 January 2020 - as restated	1,549,126	30,508	214,355	245	-	245	1,794,234
Change during the period							
Profit for the period	-	-	18,257		-	-	18,257
Other comprehensive income for the period			-	36_		36_	36
Total comprehensive income for the period	-	•	18,257	36	-	36	18,293
Balance as at 31 March 2020	1,549,126	30,508	232,612	281	-	281	1,812,527

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# TSFC Securities Public Company Limited

#### Statement of cash flows

# For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	(Onto	modeland Bank)
	<u>2020</u>	<u>2019</u>
Cash flows from operating activities		
Profit before income tax	22,847	27,594
Adjustments to reconcile profit before tax to net cash		
provided by (paid for) operating activities:		
Depreciation and amortisation	2,823	853
Reversal of bad debts and doubtful accounts	-	(1,046)
Expected credit loss	3,398	-
Gain on change in fair value of investments	(680)	-
Interest expenses	12,658	16,291
Interest incomes	(62,375)	(67,979)
Dividend income	(1)	-
Long-term employee benefits expenses	848	697
Loss from operating activities before changes in		
operating assets and liabilities	(20,482)	(23,590)
Decrease (increase) in operating assets		
Receivables from Clearing House and broker - dealers	(42,716)	23,291
Securities business receivables	937,550	115,895
Non-collateralised investments designated at fair value through profit or loss	(14,568)	-
Loans to financial institutions	654,000	(270,000)
Other assets	157	(2,197)
Increase (decrease) in operating liabilities		
Borrowings from financial institutions	(1,409,590)	49,655
Payables from Clearing House and broker - dealers	18,177	26,922
Securities business payables	33,486	(25,176)
Debt issued and borrowings	(99,733)	96,706
Cash paid for long-term employee benefits	(1,290)	<u></u>
Other liabilities	(10,506)	(10,091)
Cash flows from (used in) operating activities	44,485	(18,585)
Cash received from interest income	7,110	6,964
Cash paid for interest expenses	(12,967)	(15,767)
Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities	38,628	(27,388)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

# TSFC Securities Public Company Limited Statement of cash flows (continued)

# For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	<u>2020</u>	2019
Cash flows from investing activities		
Cash paid for collateralised investments	(29,840)	-
Cash paid for purchase of non-collateralised investments designated		
at fair value through other comprehensive income	(26,587)	-
Cash received from disposal of non-collateralised investments		
designated at fair value through other comprehensive income	20,000	-
Cash paid for purchase of available-for-sale investments	-	(185,036)
Cash received from disposal of available-for-sale investments	-	210,000
Cash received from dividends	1	-
Cash received from interest on investments	353	1,228
Cash paid for purchase of equipment	(254)	(27)
Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities	(36,327)	26,165
Cash flows from financial activities		
Cash paid for lease liabilities	(1,898)	(198)
Net cash flows used in financial activities	(1,898)	(198)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	403	(1,421)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	678	2,123
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period (Note 3)	1,081	702

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements.

TSFC Securities Public Company Limited
Notes to interim financial statements
For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

## 1. General information

#### 1.1 Corporate information

TSFC Securities Public Company Limited (hereinafter referred to as "the Company") is a public company incorporated and domiciled in Thailand. The Company is principally engaged in securities business and has two business licenses to engage in granting credits to securities business and securities borrowing and lending business. Its registered address is located at No. 898, Ploenchit Tower, 10th Floor, Ploenchit Road, Lumpini, Patumwan, Bangkok.

# 1.2 Basis for the preparation of interim financial information

These interim financial information are prepared in accordance with Thai Accounting Standard No. 34 Interim Financial Reporting, with the Company choosing to present condensed interim financial information. However, the Company has presented the statements of financial position, comprehensive income, changes in owners' equity and cash flows in the same format as that used for the annual financial statements which has been made in compliance with the stipulations of the Notification of the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission relating to the format of the financial statements of securities companies (version 3) No. SorThor. 6/2562 dated 8 January 2019.

The interim financial information are intended to provide information additional to that included in the latest annual financial statements. Accordingly, they focus on new activities, events and circumstances so as not to duplicate information previously reported. These interim financial information should therefore be read in conjunction with the latest annual financial statements.

The interim financial information in Thai language are the official statutory financial statements of the Company. The interim financial information in English language have been translated from the Thai language financial statements.

# 1.3 New financial reporting standards that became effective in the current period

During the period, the Company has adopted the revised (revised 2019) and new financial reporting standards and interpretations which are effective for fiscal years beginning on or after 1 January 2020. These financial reporting standards were aimed at alignment with the corresponding International Financial Reporting Standards with most of the changes directed towards clarifying accounting treatment and providing accounting guidance for users of the standards. The adoption of these financial reporting standards does not have any significant impact on the Company's financial statements. However, the new standard involves changes to key principles, which are summarised below:

# Financial reporting standards related to financial instruments

A set of TFRSs related to financial instruments consists of five accounting standards and interpretations, as follows:

Financial reporting standards:

TFRS 7

Financial Instruments: Disclosures

TFRS 9

Financial Instruments

Accounting standard:

**TAS 32** 

Financial Instruments: Presentation

Financial Reporting Standard Interpretations:

TFRIC 16

Hedges of a Net Investment in a Foreign Operation

TFRIC 19

Extinguishing Financial Liabilities with Equity Instruments

These TFRSs related to financial instruments make stipulations relating to the classification of financial instruments and their measurement at fair value or amortised cost (taking into account the type of instrument, the characteristics of the contractual cash flows and the Company's business model), calculation of impairment using the expected credit loss method, and hedge accounting. These include stipulations regarding the presentation and disclosure of financial instruments. The adoption of these financial reporting standards has resulted in changes in the Company's accounting policy as summarised below.

#### Change of classification and measurement

Financial assets classified as debt instruments

The Company classifies financial assets that are debt instruments as financial assets that are subsequently measured at amortised cost or fair value depends on the Company's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets as follows:

- Financial assets measured at amortised cost if both conditions are met: the financial asset is held within a business model with an objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- Financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income if both conditions are met: the financial asset is held within a business model with an objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows, and to sell the financial assets and the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.
- Financial assets measured at fair value through profit or loss when the financial asset is held within a business model without an objective to hold financial assets in order to collect contractual cash flows or the contractual terms of the financial assets give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are not solely payments of principal and interest on the principal amount outstanding.

#### Investments in equity instruments

All investments in equity instruments are measured at fair value in the statement of financial position. The Company classifies investments in equity instruments as financial assets to be measured at fair value through profit or loss, except certain items that are classified as financial assets to be measured at fair value through other comprehensive income in accordance with the Company's investment policy.

The significant changes are summarised as follows:

- The previous classification of other investments is no longer applicable.
- All other investments are to be classified as financial assets that are measured at fair value through other comprehensive income.

- The majority of investments in equity instruments are to be classified as financial assets that are measured at fair value through profit or loss, except certain items that are classified as financial assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income in accordance with the Company's investment policy.
- For investments in equity instruments that have been measured at fair value through other comprehensive income, all gains and losses incurred will be shown in other comprehensive income, except dividends that are recognised in profit or loss.

#### Classification of financial liabilities

The classification of all financial liabilities of the Company has not been changed. The majority of its financial liabilities are still measured at amortised cost, except derivatives (losses) that are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

Impairment requirements according to TFRS 9 Financial Instruments are recognised in accordance with the Expected Credit Loss model and management overlay. The financial reporting standard requires the Company to recognise an allowance for expected credit losses for all financial assets classified as debt instruments that are not measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Company uses a general approach to determine an allowance for expected credit losses for cash equivalents, receivables from Clearing House and broker - dealers, securities business receivables, investments in debt securities and loans. Expected credit losses must be measured at the amount equal to 12-month expected credit losses, except in the cases that credit risk has increased significantly since initial recognition or assets are impaired, the allowance must be measured at the amount equal to the lifetime expected credit losses of financial instruments. Impairment under these financial reporting standards leads to credit losses being recognised faster compared to the previous method.

#### Practice during the transition period

Changes in accounting policies resulted from the adoption of financial reporting standards related to financial instruments must be applied retrospectively, except for the part of financial reporting standards which allows the Company to choose one of the following alternatives:

- It may opt not to restate the financial statements presented for comparative purposes, and make an adjustment to the cumulative effect of the initial adoption of the financial reporting standards related to financial instruments through an adjustment of retained earnings as at 1 January 2020. The presentation of the financial statements for the year ended 2019 did not comply with the financial reporting standards related to financial instruments and therefore cannot be compared with the presentation for the year ending 2020.
- It may reclassify financial assets according to the Company's business model and management of its assets on the basis of the facts and circumstances that exist at the date of first-time adoption of these financial reporting standards.

The cumulative effect of the change is described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### TFRS 16 Leases

TFRS 16 supersedes TAS 17 Leases together with related Interpretations. The standard sets out the principles for the recognition, measurement, presentation and disclosure of leases, and requires a lessee to recognise assets and liabilities for all leases with a term of more than 12 months, unless the underlying asset is low value.

Accounting by lessors under TFRS 16 is substantially unchanged from TAS 17. Lessors will continue to classify leases as either operating or finance leases.

The Company adopted this financial reporting standard using the modified retrospective method of initial adoption of which the cumulative effect is recognised as right-of-use assets and lease liabilities as at 1 January 2020, with no effect to retained earnings as at 1 January 2020 and the comparative information was not restated.

The cumulative effect of the change is described in Note 2 to the financial statements.

#### 1.4 Significant accounting policies

The interim financial information are prepared by using the same accounting policies and methods of computation as were used for the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2019 except the changes in accounting policies related to financial instruments and leases.

#### 1.4.1 Financial instruments

#### Classification and measurement

Financial assets that are debt instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss, fair value through other comprehensive income, or amortised cost. Classification is driven by the Company's business model for managing the financial assets and the contractual cash flows characteristics of the financial assets.

Financial assets that are equity instruments are measured at fair value through profit or loss. The Company makes an election to measure them at fair value through other comprehensive income, with no subsequent recycling to profit or loss.

Financial liabilities are classified and measured at amortised cost.

Derivatives are classified and measured at fair value through profit or loss.

#### Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises an allowance for expected credit losses on its financial assets measured at amortised cost, without requiring a credit-impaired event to have occurred prior to the recognition. The Company accounts for changes in expected credit losses in stages, with differing methods of determining allowance for credit losses and the effective interest rate applied at each stage. The Company applies a general approach to determine the lifetime expected credit losses as described in Note 1.3 to the financial statements.

#### 1.4.2 Leases

#### Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease. Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised through initial measurement, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date, less any lease incentives received.

Unless the Company is reasonably certain that it will obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis from the commencement date of the lease to the earlier of the end of the useful life of the right-of-use asset or the end of the lease term.

#### Lease liabilities

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of the lease payments to be made over the lease term, discounted by the interest rate implicit in the lease or the Company's incremental borrowing rate. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification or reassessment.

#### Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets

Payments under leases that, have a lease term of 12 months or less at the commencement date, or are leases of low-value assets, are recognised as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

# 2. Cumulative effects of changes in accounting policies due to the adoption of new financial reporting standards

As described in Note 1.3 to the financial statements, during the current period, the Company has adopted financial reporting standards related to financial instruments and TFRS 16. The cumulative effect of initially applying these standards is recognised as an adjustment to retained earnings as at 1 January 2020. Therefore, the comparative information was not restated.

The impacts on the statement of financial position as at 1 January 2020 from changes in accounting policies due to the adoption of these standards are presented as follows:

			•	,
		The impa	acts of	
		Financial		
		reporting		
		standards		
		related to		
	31 December	financial		1 January
	2019	instruments	TFRS 16	2020
Statement of financial position				
Assets				
Securities business receivables	3,668,274	(110)	<u></u>	3,668,164
Equipment	4,996	-	(2,999)	1,997
Right-of-use assets		-	43,327	43,327

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

		The imp	acts of	
		Financial		
		reporting		
		standards		
		related to		
	31 December	financial		1 January
	2019	instruments	TFRS 16	2020
Liabilities and owners' equity				
Liabilities				
Lease liabilities	2,276	-	37,866	40,142
Provision for dismantling costs	-	•	2,462	2,462
Owners' equity				
Retained earnings - unappropriated	214,465	(110)	-	214,355
Other components of owners' equity -				
gains on investments in debt				
instruments designated at fair value				
through other comprehensive income	-	245	-	245
Other components of owners' equity -				
gain on remeasuring available-for-sale				
investments	245	(245)	-	-

#### 2.1 Financial instruments

Details of the impact on retained earnings as at 1 January 2020 due to the adoption of financial reporting standards related to financial instruments are presented as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

Recognition of an allowance for expected credit losses on financial assets

Impacts on retained earnings due to the adoption of financial reporting standards related to financial instruments

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The classifications, measurement basis and carrying values of financial assets and liabilities in accordance with TFRS 9 as at 1 January 2020, and with the carrying amounts under the former basis, are as follows:

Carrying

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	Carrying				
	amounts under				
	the former basis	Classifica	ition and measureme	ent in accordance with	TFRS 9
			Fair value		
		Fair value	through other		
		through	comprehensive		
		profit or loss	income	Amortised cost	Total
Financial assets as at 1 January 2	020			•	
Cash and cash equivalents	678	-	-	678	678
Receivables from Clearing House					
and broker - dealers	12,814	•	-	12,814	12,814
Securities business receivables	3,668,274	•	-	3,668,164	3,668,164
Non-collateralised investments	12,537	13	12,524	•	12,537
Collateralised investments	108,135	ŭ.	108,135	-	108,135
Loans	1,205,000	-		1,205,000	1,205,000
Total financial assets	5,007,438	13	120,659	4,886,656	5,007,328
Financial liabilities as at 1 January	y 2020				
Borrowings from financial					
institutions	2,733,888	-	-	2,733,888	2,733,888
Securities business payables	32,151	-	-	32,151	32,151
Debt issued and borrowings	417,663	-	-	417,663	417,663
Lease liabilities	2,276			2,276	2,276
Total financial liabilities	3,185,978		•	3,185,978	3,185,978

# 2.2 Leases

Upon initial application of TFRS 16 the Company recognised lease liabilities previously classified as operating leases at the present value of the remaining lease payments, discounted using the Company's incremental borrowing rate at 1 January 2020. For leases previously classified as finance leases, the Company recognised the carrying amount of the right-of-use assets and lease liabilities based on the carrying amounts of the lease assets and lease liabilities immediately before the date of initial application of TFRS 16.

	(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
Operating lease commitments as at 31 December 2019		24,648
Less: Short-term leases and leases of low-value assets		(138)
Add: Option to extend lease term		25,366
Less: Contracts reassessed as service agreements		(9,345)
Add: Others		1,289
Less: Deferred interest expenses		(3,954)
Increase in lease liabilities due to TFRS 16 adoption		37,866
Liabilities under finance lease agreements as at 31 Dece	ember 2019	2,276
Lease liabilities as at 1 January 2020		40,142
Comprise of:		
Current lease liabilities		7,710
Non-current lease liabilities		32,432
		40,142
The adjustments of right-of-use assets due to TFRS 16	adoption as at :	1 January 2020
are summarised below:	adoption as at	1 January 2020
are summanised below.		
	(Unit:	Thousand Baht)
Leasehold improvement		40,328
Motor vehicles		2,999
Total right-of-use assets		43,437
Cash and cash equivalents		
	(Unit: <sup>-</sup>	Thousand Baht)
	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
Cash	30	30
Saving and current deposits	174,511	1,871

3.

Less: Deposits for customers' account

Total cash and cash equivalents

(1,223)

678

(173,460)

1,081

# Supplemental cash flows information

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

For the three-month period
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_	ended 31 March		
	2019	2018	
Non-cash items			
Increase (decrease) in payable from purchase of			
equipment	(165)	174	
Gains on investments in debt instruments			
designated at fair value through other			
comprehensive income	45	-	
Gain on remeasuring available-for-sale investments	-	89	

# 4. Receivables from Clearing House and broker - dealers

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
Receivables from Clearing House	39,348	12,814
Receivables from domestic broker	18,888	-
Receivables from Clearing House and broker - dealers	58,236	12,814

# 5. Securities business receivables

31 March	31 December
2020	2019
2,759,242	3,668,274
33,323	7,298
2,792,565	3,675,572
10	-
-	(7,298)
(10,806)	
2,781,769	3,668,274
	2020 2,759,242 33,323 2,792,565 10 - (10,806)

As at 31 March 2020 and 31 December 2019, the Company has classified securities business receivables in accordance with TFRS 9 / the relevant notification issued by the Office of the Securities and Exchange Commission. The classification is as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

			(Onic Million Bank)
		31 March 2020	
		Receivables	
		amount to be	
		considered setting	
	Securities business	up of allowance for	Allowance for
	receivables and	expected credit	expected credit
	accrued interest	losses	losses
Performing debts	2,688	2,688	-
Under-performing debts	72	72	-
Credit impaired debts	33	33	(11)
Total	2,793	2,793	(11)
			(Unit: Million Baht)
		31 December 2019	
		Allowance	Net securities

	31 December 2019	
	Allowance	Net securities
	for doubtful	business
Securities	accounts set receivable	
business	up by the after allowan	
receivables	Company	doubtful accounts
3,668	-	3,668
7	(7)	
3,675	(7)	3,668

31 March 2020

#### 6. Derivatives assets and derivatives liabilities

Normal debts

Doubtful debts

Total

	A	ssets	Lia	bilities
	Fair value	Notional amount	Fair value	Notional amount
Futures <sup>(1)</sup>		11,876	•	-
Total	-	11.876	-	<u>-</u>

<sup>(1)</sup> The futures are cash settlement. Real exposure is a difference between cost of such contracts and underlying assets level. Fair value of outstanding futures at the end of period included in "Receivables from Clearing House and broker - dealers". As at 31 March 2020, fair value of derivative assets - futures is Baht 2.7 million.

# 7. Investments

# 7.1 Cost and fair value

	31 March 2020			31 December 2019			
	West-	Fair value		Fair value			
	Non-			Non-			
	collateralised	Collateralised		collateralised	Collateralised		
	investments	investments	Total	investments	investments	Total	
Investments measured at fair val	ue through pro	fit or loss					
Investments in trading							
securities							
Marketable equity instruments in							
domestic market	12,542	-	12,542			<u>-</u>	
Total	12,542		12,542				
Investments measured at fair					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
value							
Open end fund - equity	9	M-	9		-	-	
Total	9	*	9		-	-	
Total investments measured at							
fair value through profit or loss	12,551		12,551		•	_	
Investments measured at fair val	ue through othe	er comprehensive	income				
Investments in debt							
instruments measured at							
fair value through other							
comprehensive income							
Government bonds	92,133	112,942	205,075	66,735	108,135	174,870	
Less: Government bonds for							
customers' account	(48,275)		(48,275)	(54,879)		(54,879)	
Total	43,858	112,942	156,800	11,856	108,135	119,991	

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March 2020			31 December 2019			
	Fair value			Fair value			
	Non-			Non-			
	collateralised	Collateralised		collateralised	Collateralised		
	investments	investments	Total	investments	investments	Total	
Investments in equity					•		
instruments measured at							
fair value through other							
comprehensive income							
Non-marketable equity							
instruments in domestic							
market	668	-	668	-		-	
Open end fund - equity	-	**************************************	•	13		13	
Total	668	-	668	13	<u>.</u>	13	
Total investments measured at							
fair value through other							
comprehensive income	44,526	112,942	157,468	11,869	108,135	120,004	
Other investments							
Equity securities	_		<u>.</u>	668		668	
Total other investments			-	668	-	668	
Total investments	57,077	112,942	170,019	12,537	108,135	120,672	

# 7.2 Investments in debt instruments classified by the remaining contracts

	31 March 2020			31 December 2019				
	Not over		Over		Not over		Over	
	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	Total	1 year	1 - 5 years	5 years	Total
Investments in debt								
instruments designated at								
fair value through other								
comprehensive income	205,075	-		205,075	174,870	-		174,870
Total	205,075			205,075	174,870			174,870

7.3 Gain on remeasuring investments in debt instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income which recognised in owners' equity

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)
	For the
	three-month period
	ended 31 March 2020
Adjustments from financial reporting standards related to	
financial instruments adoption (Note 2)	245
Changes during the period	
<ul> <li>from revaluation (before net of income tax)</li> </ul>	45
- income tax	(9)
Balance - end of the period	281

7.4 Investment in equity instruments designated at at fair value through other comprehensive income

(Unit: Thousand Baht) 31 March 2020 Retained earning or Reason for use of retained losses alternative in presentation Dividend transferred in Fair value Investments as mentioned received owner's equity **ASCO Business Promotion** Intention to held in 668 Company Limited long-term period

# 8. Allowance for expected credit losses / Allowance for doubtful accounts

## 8.1 Allowance for expected credit losses

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March 2020					
		Lifetime	Lifetime			
		ECL - not credit	ECL - credit			
	12-month ECL	impaired	impaired	Total		
Securities business receivables			<del>"</del>			
Beginning balance	•	-	7,298	7,298		
Changes from stage assignment	-	-	3,226	3,226		
Changes from revaluation of expected credit						
losses	280	1	-	281		
Others	1			1		
Ending balance	281	1	10,524	10,806		

#### 8.2 Allowance for doubtful accounts

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

31 December 2019			
Normal debt	Doubtful debt	Total	
3,000	300,973	303,973	
(3,000)	(1,539)	(4,539)	
	(120)	(120)	
-	(292,016)	(292,016)	
-	7,298	7,298	
	Normal debt 3,000 (3,000)	3,000 300,973 (3,000) (1,539) - (120) - (292,016)	

#### 9. Loans

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
At call	290,000	500,000
Not over 1 year	*261,000	705,000
Total loans	551,000	1,205,000

These loans are provided to financial institutions. Part of such loans are unsecured loans and the remaining are secured loans which have right to claim on margin loan receivables of the borrowers as collateral.

# 10. Equipment

Movements of the equipment account during the three-month period ended 31 March 2020 are summarised below.

(Un	it: Thousand Baht)
Net book value as at 1 January 2020	4,996
Adjustments of right-of-use assets due to TFRS 16 adoption (Note 2)	(2,999)
Additions during the period - cost	89
Depreciation for the period	(184)
Net book value as at 31 March 2020	1,902

# 11. Intangible assets

Movements of the intangible assets account during the three-month period ended 31 March 2020 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Net book value as at 1 January 2020	3,186
Amortisation for the period	(311)
Net book value as at 31 March 2020	2,875

# 12. Right-of-use assets

Movement of right-of-use assets for the three-month period ended 31 March 2020 are summarised below.

(U	Jnit: Thousand Baht)
Adjustments of right-of-use assets due to TFRS 16 adoption	
as at 1 January 2020 (Note 2)	43,327
Depreciation for the period	(2,328)
Net book value as at 31 March 2020	40,999

## 13. Borrowings from financial institutions

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March 2020			31 December 2019				
			Due period				Due period	
	Interest rate	Not over			Interest rate	Not over		
	(% per annum)	1 year	1 - 5 years	Total	(% per annum)	1 year	1 - 5 years	Total
Promissory notes	0.79 - 2.00	900,000	•	900,000	1.35 - 2,45	2,450,000	-	2,450,000
Bills of exchange	2.02 - 2.40	424,298	-	424,298	2.15 - 2.50	283,888		283,888
Total borrowings from								
financial institutions		1,324,298	-	1,324,298		2,733,888		2,733,888

The borrowings from financial institutions are unsecured loans.

The loan agreements contain covenants that, among other things, require the Company to maintain net capital ratios in the agreements.

# 14. Payables from Clearing House and broker - dealers

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
Payables from Clearing House	9,953	-
Payables from domestic broker	8,224	<u>.</u>
Payables from Clearing House and broker - dealers	18,177	+

# 15. Securities business payables

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March	31 December
	2020	2019
Securities business payables	65,637	32,151
Total	65,637	32,151

# 16. Debt issued and borrowings

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	31 March 2020				31 Decem	ber 2019		
			Due period				Due period	
	Interest rate	Not over			Interest rate	Not over		
	(% per annum)	1 year	1 - 5 years	Total	(% per annum)	1 year	1 - 5 years	Total
Promissory notes	2.40	317,930	•	317,930	2.40 - 2.50	367,730	•	367,730
Bills of exchange	-				2,60	49,933		49,933
Total	•	317,930	_	317,930		417,663	*	417,663

The above debt issued and borrowings are unsecured loans.

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## 17. Lease liabilities

Movements of the lease liabilities account during the three-month period ended 31 March 2020 are summarised below.

	(Unit: Thousand Baht)
Balance as at 1 January 2020	2,276
Adjustments due to TFRS 16 adoption as at 1 January 2020	
(Note 2)	37,866
Payment during the period	(1,898)
Balance as at 31 March 2020	38,244

Lease liabilities (Unit: Thousand Baht)

Lease liabilities 38,244

Less: Current portion of lease liabilities (7,790)

Lease liabilities, net of current portion 30,454

## 18. Share capital

	31 March 2020		31 Decer	nber 2019
	Number		Number	
	of shares	Amount	of shares	Amount
	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand	(Thousand
	shares)	Baht)	shares)	Baht)
Registered share capital				
(Par value at Baht 10 each)	154,913	1,549,126	154,913	1,549,126
Issued and paid-up share capital				
(Par value at Baht 10 each)	154,913	1,549,126	154,913	1,549,126

#### 19. Fees and service income

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

For the three-month periods

	ended 31 March		
	2020	2019	
Securities borrowing and lending income	181	2	
Front end fee income	2	-	
Other income	21	7	
Total	204	9	

## 20. Interest incomes

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

For the three-month periods ended 31 March

	2020	2019
Interest income on margin loans	54,561	59,447
Interest income from investments	3,691	3,652
Interest income from deposits at financial institutions	33	104
Others	4,090	4,776
Total	62,375	67,979

#### 21. Gains and return on financial instruments

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
For the three-month periods

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

	ended 31	ended 31 March		
	2020	2019		
Gain (loss) on trading securities	(2,026)	110		
Gain (loss) on derivatives	2,706	(105)		
Dividend income	1	-		
Total	681	5		

# 22. Expected Credit Loss

For the three-month period ended 31 March 2020

Securities business receivables 3,398

Total 3,398

# 23. Directors and management's benefits

During the period, the Company had salaries, bonuses, meeting allowances, postemployee benefits, gratuities of its directors and management, which were as follows:

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

For the three-month periods

	ended 31 March		
	2020	2019	
Short-term employee benefits	7,026	7,083	
Post-employment benefits	941	872	
Total	7,967	7,955	

#### 24. Income tax

Interim corporate income tax was calculated on profit before income tax for the period, using the estimated effective tax rate for the year.

Income tax expenses for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 are made up as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht) For the three-month periods	
	ended 31 March	
	2020	2019
Current income tax:		
Interim corporate income tax charge	4,085	5,163
Deferred tax:		
Relating to origination and reversal of temporary		
differences	505	332
Income tax expenses reported in the statements of		
comprehensive income	4,590	5,495

The amounts of income tax relating to each component of other comprehensive income for the three-month periods ended 31 March 2020 and 2019 are as follows:

	(Unit: Thousand Baht) For the three-month periods	
	ended 31 March	
	2020	2019
Deferred tax relating to		
Gains on investments in debt instruments designated		
at fair value through other comprehensive income	(9)	<b></b>
Gain on remeasuring available-for-sale investments	<u>-</u>	(18)
Total	(9)	(18)

#### 25. Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing profit for the period attributable to equity holders of the Company (excluding other comprehensive income) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the period.

# 26. Commitments related to service agreements and leases of low-value assets/Operating leases

As at 31 March 2020, the Company had commitments from several service agreements and lease agreements of low-value assets in respect of the lease of equipment. The terms of the agreements are generally between 1 year and 3 years. Future minimum payments required were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	31 March 2020
Payable:	
In up to 1 year	5.5
In over 1 and up to 3 years	3.5

As at 31 December 2019, the Company had commitments from several operating lease agreements in respect of the lease of area in the building, equipment, motor vehicles and service agreements. The terms of the agreements are generally between 1 year and 4 years. Future minimum payments required under operating lease and service agreements were as follows:

(Unit: Million Baht)

	31 December 2019
Payable:	
In up to 1 year	12.7
In over 1 and up to 4 years	11.9

#### 27. Segment information

The Company is principally engaged in the granting credits to securities business. Its operations are carried on only in Thailand. Segment performance is measured based on operating profit or loss, on a basis consistent with that used to measure operating profit or loss in the financial statements. As a result, all of the revenues, operating profits and assets as reflected in these financial statements pertain to the aforementioned reportable operating segment and geographical area.

#### 28. Fair value of financial instruments

As of 31 March 2020 and 31 December 2019, the Company had the following assets that were measured at fair value using different levels of inputs as follows:

	As at 31 March 2020			
	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Financial assets measured at fair value				
Derivatives assets <sup>(1)</sup>	-	-	•	-
Non-collateralised investments <sup>(2)</sup>	12,542	92,142	668	105,352
Collateralised investments	-	112,942	-	112,942

<sup>(1)</sup> Fair value of derivatives assets - futures as at 31 March 2020 amounting to Baht 2.7 million, included in "Receivables from Clearing House and broker - dealers", was measured at fair value by using Level 1 of input.

<sup>(2)</sup> Included government securities for customers' account amounting to Baht 48 million.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)

As at 31 December 2019

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
Assets measured at fair value				
Non-collateralised investments <sup>(1)</sup>	-	66,748	-	66,748
Collateralised investments	-	108,135	-	108,135
Assets for which fair value are disclosed				
Other investments - equity securities	-	•	668	668

<sup>(1)</sup> Included government securities for customers' account amounting to Baht 55 million.

## Valuation techniques and inputs to Level 2 valuations

- a) For debts securities, their fair values are generally derived from quoted market prices or determined by using the yield curve as announced by the Thai Bond Market Association or by other relevant bodies.
- b) The fair value of unit trusts is determined from the net assets value (NAV) published by the mutual fund management companies acting as the fund managers.

#### Valuation techniques and inputs to Level 3 valuations

Fair value of non-marketable-equity instruments in the domestic market is determined using initial cost of the invested company.

During the current period, there were no transfers within the fair value level.

#### 29. Reclassifications

Certain amounts in the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, and the statement of comprehensive income for the three-month period ended 31 March 2019, have been reclassified to comply with the Notification of SEC relating to the format of financial statements of securities companies (version 3) No. SorThor. 6/2562 dated 8 January 2019 and to conform to the current period's classification. The reclassifications are as follows.

(Unit: Thousand Baht)
As at 31 March 2019

	As at 31 March 2019		
		As previously	
	As reclassified	reported	
Statement of financial position			
Investments	-	120,672	
Non-collateralised investments	12,537	-	
Collateralised investments	108,135	-	
Lease liabilities	2,276	-	
Other liabilities	18,140	20,416	
	(Un	it: Thousand Baht)	
	For the three-mor	th period ended	
	31 Marc	h 2019	
		As previously	
	As reclassified	reported	
Statement of comprehensive income			
Interest incomes	67,979	-	
Interest on margin loans	-	59,447	
Gains and return on financial instruments	5	8,537	

The reclassifications had no effect to previously reported profit or owners' equity.

## 30. Event after the reporting period

On 13 April 2020, the Board of Directors' Meeting of the Company passed a resolution to approve an interim dividend payment to the shareholders of the Company for 154.9 million ordinary shares, at a rate of Baht 0.32 per share, or a total of Baht 49.6 million. Such dividend payment is made on 11 May 2020.

## 31. Approval of interim financial information

These interim financial information were authorised for issue by the Company's Board of Directors on 18 May 2020.